## EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION

LGBTIQ+ people are protected from discrimination at work

Your employer cannot fire or treat you unfairly because of your gender or sexuality

Your employer has a duty to protect you from sexual harassment and bullying

2 in 5 LGBTIQA+ are not out to anyone in their workplace

7 in 10 LGBTIQA+ people have experienced discrimination or sexual harassment in the workplace

Most LGBTIQA+ people experiencing discrimination and harassment choose not to make a formal report and often chose instead to leave their jobs

If you have experienced any discrimination at work, you should get **legal advice immediately** as there are **time limits** applying to when you can take legal action

### **CONTACT US**

If you've been impacted by any of these issues, contact the LGBTI Legal Service for free legal help and connections to other supports

The LGBTI Legal Service provides free legal advice, resources and reform for the LGBTIQA+SB community

This factsheet is intended to give general advice only and should not be used as a substitute for legal advice



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LGBTI Legal Service

# OUT AT WORK



LGBTIQA+ rights in employment

When applying for a job, prospective employers are not allowed to ask about your sexuality or gender identity. Employers cannot refuse to hire you because of your sexuality or gender

People who are transgender, nonbinary, or gender nonconforming should be allowed to **freely express their gender** at work - wearing clothing, hairstyles, makeup, and accessories that are workplace appropriate

Employees in LGBTIQA+
relationships should be allowed
to bring their partners to work
events, and talk about their
relationship at work- if other
heterosexual and cisgender
employees can

If your employer treats you unfairly because of your LGBTIQA+ identity, in some circumstance this could be considered **adverse action** 

#### Possible situations include:

- treating employees differently
- cutting shifts and hours or demoting to a lower job
- ending a contract
- offer unfair conditions
- not giving rights such as lunch break
- allowing sexual harassment and bullying

If you believe you have been fired or made redundant unfairly, you should **urgently get advice**. You only have 21 days to apply for an unfair dismissal claim



#### SEXUAL HARASSMENT AND BULLYING

Workplaces have a duty to **prevent** sexual harassment - from employers, coworkers and customers. This includes unwanted sexual advances, comments or touching and more

#### Examples include:

- unwelcome questions about a transgender or intersex person's body or medical history
- some comments about a person's sexuality
- queerphobic slurs, put downs, jokes, and innuendo

Workplace **bullying** is repeated behaviour that is victimising, humiliating, intimidating or threatening.

Some forms of bullying, based on **sexuality or gender,** may also be discrimination

#### Examples include:

- not using a transgender person's correct name and pronouns
- outing or threatening to out somone